# Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) Research in Humanitarian Settings



We fund research to learn which health interventions work best for people affected by crises

## WHY DO PEOPLE NEED MHPSS?



**PEOPLE** with **DISABILITIES** and **OLDER PEOPLE** are PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE





### **RIGOROUS RESEARCH IS POSSIBLE IN HUMANITARIAN SETTINGS**





### **QUALITATIVE APROACHES**

- PROCESS
- **EVALUATIONS \_\_** ETHNOGRAPHIC
- RESEARCH
- CULTURAL
- **ADAPTIONS**



WOMEN and/ GIRLS

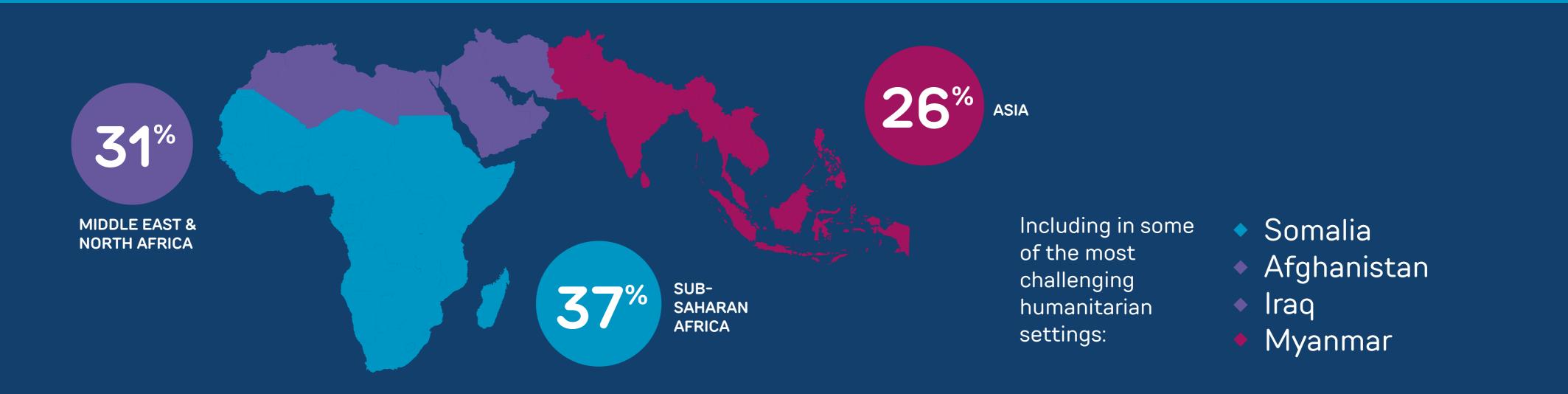
**CHILDREN** 

WHAT HAVE WE FUNDED?

16 STUDIES TESTED **INTERVENTIONS** for DELIVERY by NON-SPECIALISTS

ADOLESCENTS

### WHERE DO WE FUND RESEARCH?



### **INTERVENTIONS FOUND TO BE EFFECTIVE SO FAR...**

**Problem** Management Plus (PM+) is a WHOapproved costeffective intervention for people in need of psychological support.

**A Community-Based Disaster Mental** Health intervention effectively decreased mental health symptoms and increased coping mechanisms.





emergencies. 'Step-by-Step'

is an effective intervention for improving adult mental health, especially when culturally adapted.

<b>Child Friendly Space</b>
have psychosocial
benefits for young
people. Complement
programming can
strengthen child
protection and

The WHO

intervention, Early

Adolescent Skills

reduces internalising

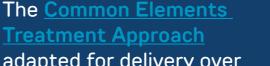
problems in young

for Emotions

adolescents.

<u>s</u>	$\int$		
ary	_	<i>ع</i> د	

A novel mental health and substance misuse intervention is ready for testing through a randomised controlled trial.



adapted for delivery over the phone (t-CETA) is a feasible approach to reduce mental health symptoms in children.



A group-based intervention for conflict-affected adolescents can be effective at reducing feelings of both psychosocial and physical stress.



### **HESPER Web is**

an easy to use, quick alternative to collect data on perceived needs, including mental and psychosocial health.



This work is funded by Elrha's Research for Health in Humanitarian Crises (R2HC) Programme.

R2HC is funded by the UK Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO), Wellcome, and the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) through the National Institute for Health Research (NIHR).

sustain their impact.



